

RICHARD BRIGHT

1789 - 1858

Considered the "father of nephrology" because of his work on kidney disease, English physician Richard Bright noted the abnormal pigmentation of the brain in people who died of malaria.

ANOPHELIA



Bright

Issue Date: April 25, 2008
Designer: M. Corsi
Producer: Juergen Schwarz, Berlin
Process: lithography
Quantity: 20
Perforations: 11
Margins: M. Corsi at bottom left; Rome - 2004 at bottom right
Purpose: identify Bright's place in the history of malaria
Notes: from a 16-stamp collective sheet
Price: A

6f

Checklist: ___



Issue Date: April 25, 2008
Designer: M. Corsi
Producer: Juergen Schwarz
Process: lithography
Size: 155 x 205 mm
Paper: white glossy stamp paper
Quantity: 20
Perforations: 11
Purpose: outline the history of malaria research and treatment
Notes:
Price: D

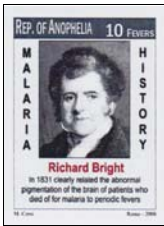
6

Checklist: ___

H
I
S
T
O
R
Y
O
F
M
A
L
A
R
I
A
•
B
R
I
G
H
T

1

RICHARD BRIGHT



Description: as 6f: imperforate
 Quantity: 20
 Notes:
 Price: A

6fi

Checklist: ____



Quantity: 5
 Notes: as #6: imperforate
 Price: D

6q

Checklist: ____



Cancel: Post Office 01
 Cachet: post office
 Size: 228 x 331 mm
 Notes:
 Price: C



1

Checklist: ____