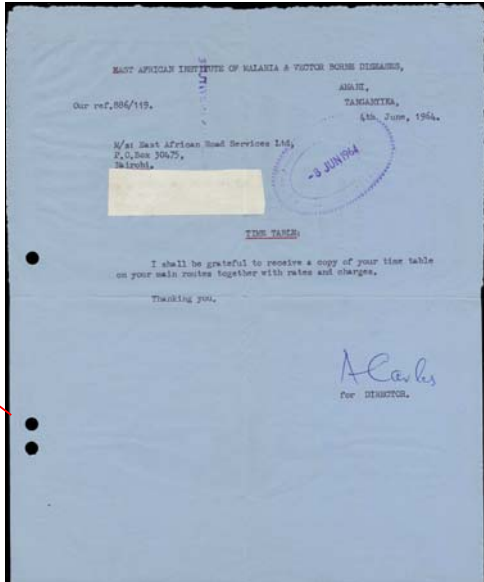


MALARIA INSTITUTE

The Amani Research Institute was founded in 1902 by German colonists in German East Africa. It became famous for its research in malaria during British colonial rule and was transformed in 1949 into the East African Malaria Unit. The research center served Tanganyika, Kenya, Uganda, Zanzibar and British Somaliland in the prevention and control of malaria and other vector-borne diseases. It became the East African Malaria Institute in 1951 and was renamed the East African Institute of Malaria and Vector Borne Diseases in 1954. In the present day it maintains a high reputation in research, as the Amani Medical Research Center, in the Tanga Region of Tanzania.

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Cancel: Amani: July 4, 1964

Notes: folded letter sheet from East African Malaria Institute; E. A. MALARIA INSTITUTE hand stamped in violet as return address; EAST AFRICAN INSTITUTE OF MALARIA & VECTOR BORNE DISEASES typed as letterhead; related illegible handstamp in violet inside

Price: D

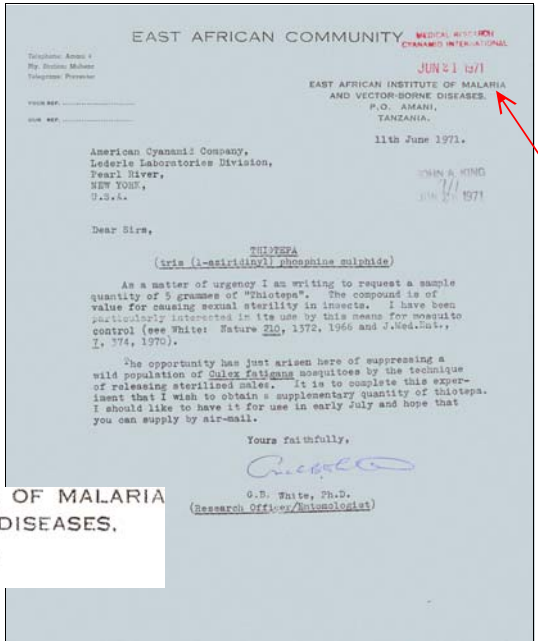
→ E. A. MALARIA INSTITUTE

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EAST AFRICAN INSTITUTE OF MALARIA
AND VECTOR-BORNE DISEASES,
P.O. AMANI,
TANZANIA.

Cancel: Amani: June 12, 1971

Notes: aerogram with user's printed indicium on the message side: EAST AFRICAN COMMUNITY / EAST AFRICAN INSTITUTE OF MALARIA / AND VECTOR-BORNE DISEASES: sent to Cyanamid Chemical Co., New York City; content concerning mosquito control

Price: E

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